

COURSE 7 - VOCABULARY

1. Learn the vocabulary

→ Apprends le vocabulaire ci-dessous :

- Écoute les audios correspondant à chaque catégorie de vocabulaire
- Répète les mots de vocabulaire et fais attention à ta prononciation (toujours en utilisant les audios)
- Copie les mots et répète-les autant de fois que nécessaire

Government

- control
- destroy /di'strɔɪ/
- forbid ≠ allow
- oppress
- punish
- threaten /'θretən/
- censor = suppress
- ban = prohibit
- prohibit sb from doing sth
- deprive sb of sth
- prevent sb from doing sth
- use propaganda
- brainwash sb

Citizens

- obey
- agree
- conform to
- follow
- give up = surrender
- trust
- respect the rules
- worship, admire

≠

- disobey /disə'bei/
- disagree /disə'gri:/
- revolt against
- struggle = resist
- fight = rebel /rɪ'bel/
- mistrust
- break the rules
- despise, hate


Feelings

- be afraid of = fear
- be frightened of sb/sth
- be pessimistic ≠ optimistic
- (feel) trapped, isolated
- (feel) unhappy = miserable
- (feel) powerless
- (feel) enslaved
- (feel) oppressed
- (feel) helpless

Literature

- novel, fiction
- plot
- (futuristic) setting
- topic = subject
- protagonist (the main character)
- depict = describe

Dystopia



Dictionary

Dystopia /dɪs'tɒpiə/ (n.): an imaginary place where people lead dehumanized and often fearful lives.

Utopia /ju:'tɒpiə/ (n.): an ideal place in which the government, laws, and social conditions are perfect.

2. Teste-toi en remplissant cette feuille (en essayant de ne pas regarder la page 1).

Government



1 Trouve le verbe qui correspond au nom.

- 1. threat (n.) → (v.)
- 2. control (n.) → (v.)
- 3. censorship (n.) → (v.)
- 4. punishment (n.) → (v.)
- 5. oppression (n.) → (v.)
- 6. destruction (n.) → (v.)
- 7. ban (n.) → (v.)
- 8. deprivation (n.) → (v.)

Feelings



2 Écris quatre sentiments qui finissent par *-ed*.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

3 Écris deux sentiments qui finissent par *-less*.

- 1.
- 2.



Citizens



4 Écris le contraire de ces mots.

- 1. struggle ≠
- 2. trust ≠
- 3. worship ≠
- 4. revolt ≠
- 5. surrender ≠
- 6. agree ≠

Literature



5 Trouve un synonyme.

- 1. describe =
- 2. time and place =
- 3. the subject =
- 4. the story =
- 5. the main character =
- 6. a novel =

Lis les phrases suivantes et trouve l'adjectif qui convient.

- 1. He always expects bad things to happen.
→ He is so
- 2. She felt unable to defend herself.
→ She felt
- 3. The anguish was so intense, it felt like a heavy burden.
→ They felt by it.
- 4. There was no way out, no solution.
→ He was
- 5. When we realized we were lost after walking so long in the forest, we were quite worried.
→ We felt

COURSE 7 – CORRECTION

2. Teste-toi en remplissant cette feuille (en essayant de ne pas regarder la page 1).

Government

Trouve le verbe qui correspond au nom.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. threat (n.) → <u>threaten</u> (v.) | 5. oppression (n.) → <u>oppress</u> (v.) |
| 2. control (n.) → <u>control</u> (v.) | 6. destruction (n.) → <u>destroy</u> (v.) |
| 3. censorship (n.) → <u> censor / suppress</u> (v.) | 7. ban (n.) → <u>ban / prohibit</u> (v.) |
| 4. punishment (n.) → <u>punish</u> (v.) | 8. deprivation (n.) → <u>deprive</u> (v.) |

Feelings

Écris quatre sentiments qui finissent par *-ed*.

1. frightened
2. trapped
3. isolated
4. enslaved

Réponse

Réponses possibles :
frightened, trapped, isolated, enslaved, oppressed...

Feelings

Écris deux sentiments qui finissent par *-less*.

1. powerless
2. helpless

Citizens

Écris le contraire de ces mots.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. struggle ≠ <u>follow</u> | 4. revolt ≠ <u>conform to</u> |
| 2. trust ≠ <u>mistrust</u> | 5. surrender ≠ <u>rebel</u> |
| 3. worship ≠ <u>despise</u> | 6. agree ≠ <u>disagree</u> |

Literature

Trouve un synonyme.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. describe = <u>depict</u> | 4. the story = <u>plot</u> |
| 2. time and place = <u>setting</u> | 5. the main character = <u>protagonist</u> |
| 3. the subject = <u>topic</u> | 6. a novel = <u>fiction</u> |

Lis les phrases suivantes et trouve l'adjectif qui convient.

Aide-toi de la page *Words* de ton manuel → rubrique *Feelings*, p. 72.

1. He always expects bad things to happen.

→ He is so pessimistic !

2. She felt unable to defend herself.

→ She felt helpless .

3. The anguish was so intense, it felt like a heavy burden.

→ They felt oppressed by it.

4. There was no way out, no solution.

→ He was trapped .

5. When we realized we were lost after walking so long in the forest, we were quite worried.

→ We felt frightened .
