## The Civil Rights Movement: Oral comprehension

Introduction:								
Who's talking? Which of these		tionnad?:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
□ The radio			internet					
1 THE TAGIO		I V 🗀 I II C	micrici					
1) Lister	ı to the recor	ding and try and co	mplete the chart	:				
Dates or time markers People				Places		Other information		
<b>a</b> > <b>T</b> 1 <b>.</b>				e 11 ·	•			
2) Using	the recording	g, circle the stressed	syllables in the	tollowing	words:			
C		::4:				4:		
Segregated	restaurants	universities	authorised	constit	utionai	discrimination		
3) Choo	se the correct	pronunciation for t	he –ed ending of	these wo	rds			
						organised / pronounced		
						. <b>9 1</b>		
[id]								
[t]								
[d]								
4) Are tl		ts right or wrong?	Tick the correct					
1 771 0 1		tatements		Right	Wrong	Correction		
		neavily segregated.						
	were allowed t	o use the same drink	ing fountains as					
the Whites.  3. The Blacks of	could sit at the	front of buses						
4. They could v		Hont of buses.						
		stitutional in public s	school in 1964					
6. Martin Luth			, <b>4</b> 11001111119011					
		e in Birmingham.						
8. Buses were		•						
9. Martin Luth	er King prono	unced his famous 'I h	ave a dream					
speech' in 1963								
10. President K	Cennedy signed	d the Civil Rights Ac	t in July 1964.					
5) No		la4a 4h a 4a4						
5) NOW (	try and comp	iete the text.						
Around		vears ago the		of		was ł	eavily	
		······································						
That meant tha	t		ere not allowed to	use the sa	me		, the same	
							ŕ	
		, or						
						in cinemas. It m		
had their own.			, it meant that	they were	not allowe	d to	•••	
The fight for C	ivil Righta ia c	long story of						
		a long story of and			hand and	of		
		,						
		,						